AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 26, 1999 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 21, 1999

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—1999-2000 REGULAR SESSION

Assembly Concurrent Resolution

No. 32

Introduced by Assembly Members Honda, Migden, and Shellev

(Principal coauthor: Assembly Member Nakano)
(Coauthor: Assembly Member Machado)

Members (Coauthors: Assembly Machado, Aanestad, Ackerman, Alquist, Aroner, Baldwin, Bates, Battin, Baugh, Bock, Brewer, Briggs, Calderon, Campbell, Cardenas, Cardoza, Cedillo, Corbett, Correa, Cox, Cunneen, Davis, Dickerson, Ducheny, Dutra, Firebaugh, Florez, Frusetta, Gallegos, Granlund, Havice, Hertzberg, House, Jackson, Kaloogian, Keeley, Knox, Kuehl, Leach, Lempert, Leonard, Longville, Lowenthal, Maddox, Maldonado, Margett, Mazzoni, McClintock, Olberg, Oller, Robert Pacheco, Rod Pacheco, Pescetti, Reyes, Romero, Runner, Scott, Soto, Steinberg, Strickland, Thompson, Thomson, Torlakson, Vincent, Washington, Wayne, Wesson, Wiggins, Wildman, and Zettel)

(Coauthor: Senator Johnston)

March 23, 1999

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 32—Relative to the Japanese YWCA in San Francisco.

ACR 32 — 2 —

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 32, as amended, Honda. The Japanese YWCA in San Francisco.

This measure would declare that it shall be state policy to eradicate any vestiges of the racism of the California Alien Land Law that was repealed in 1956, and to take steps to ensure the enforcement of charitable trusts created in response to that law.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, The California Alien Land Law was 2 enacted in 1913 in an atmosphere of racial prejudice and
- 3 barred Japanese immigrants and their charitable and
- 4 religious organizations from owning real property; and
- 5 WHEREAS, In response to the California Alien Land
- 6 Law, Japanese Americans legally entered into trust 7 agreements with non-Japanese to hold their property in
- 2 another's name as they might establish their roots in this
- 8 another's name so they might establish their roots in this
- country and build a stable and lasting community; and
- WHEREAS, Japanese immigrant women of the Soko Bukai, an association of Japanese Christian churches in
- 12 San Francisco, established a Japanese YWCA in that city
- 13 in 1912 to work with Japanese women and girls; and
- 14 WHEREAS, The San Francisco YWCA policy in the
- 15 early 1900's forbade Japanese and other minority women
- 16 and girls from living in their residence halls, and this
- 17 discriminatory policy was adopted, enforced, and
- 18 periodically reaffirmed by the San Francisco YWCA; and
- 19 WHEREAS, The Japanese YWCA, in response to this 20 discriminatory policy undertook a fundraising campaign
- 20 discriminatory policy, undertook a fundraising campaign 21 to purchase a building that would serve as a residence hall
- for Japanese women and girls; and
- WHEREAS, In 1920-21, the Japanese YWCA raised the
- 24 funds to purchase the building and property, with the San
- 25 Francisco YWCA Board agreeing to hold this property in
- 26 trust for the permanent use of the Japanese YWCA; and
- 27 WHEREAS, Ten years later, noted architect Julia
- 28 Morgan donated her services to design a new Japanese
- 29 YWCA building as a tribute to the architectural heritage
- 30 of Japan; and

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WHEREAS, In 1932, the Japanese YWCA celebrated 1 the opening of its building at 1830 Sutter Street in San Francisco and continuously and exclusively occupied, controlled, and provided services to Japanese women and 5 girls from that building; and

WHEREAS, Programs and services of the Japanese YWCA were abruptly ended in 1942 when Executive Order Number 9066 forcibly removed all Japanese Americans from the West Coast to inland concentration 10 camps; and

WHEREAS, The Japanese YWCA leased the building 12 during the internment years to the American Friends 13 Service Committee, which provided services to Japanese 14 American internees; and

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Institutional memory of WHEREAS. the 16 agreement was lost during the four years of internment and the years that followed, with the Japanese YWCA 18 never regaining control of their building; and

WHEREAS, The Japanese YWCA building is the only 20 surviving prewar building constructed efforts, dedication, and vision of Japanese immigrant 22 women and is their legacy to the Japanese American 23 community; and

WHEREAS, In 1996 the San Francisco YWCA 25 threatened the existence of the Japanese YWCA building 26 by (1) attempting to sell the property at its highest 27 commercial value, (2) rejecting the Japanese American 28 community's request that the San Francisco YWCA 29 honor the trust established by the Japanese immigrant 30 (Issei) women, and (3) rejecting the community's good 31 faith offer to purchase the Japanese YWCA property to preserve it for community service; and

WHEREAS, The Soko Bukai, whose Issei women 34 members founded the Japanese YWCA, today reasserts 35 Japanese American community's claim the 36 Japanese YWCA building; and

WHEREAS, The San Francisco YWCA steadfastly 37 38 disavows the existence of the trust agreement with the Japanese YWCA in spite of the minutes of the San ACR 32 **- 4** —

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Francisco YWCA Board of Directors from the 1920's and 1930's which document that agreement; and

WHEREAS, The San Francisco YWCA refuses to acknowledge any legal or moral obligations to the

5 Japanese American community and has taken overt

any enforcement of actions to prevent the trust agreement; and

WHEREAS, The San Francisco YWCA's refusal to 9 honor the trust agreement and fulfill its duties as trustee 10 allows the YWCA to profit from the racism of the California Alien Land Law; and

WHEREAS, The actions by the San Francisco YWCA 13 are in direct contradiction to the YWCA's official 14 imperative "to seek the elimination of racism wherever 15 it exists and by any means necessary"; and

WHEREAS, The California Alien Land Law was ruled 17 unconstitutional in 1952 and repealed by the California 18 Legislature in 1956; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the 20 Senate thereof concurring, That the Legislature of the 21 State of California declares that it shall be the policy of the 22 state to eradicate any vestiges of the racism of the 23 California Alien Land Law and to take steps to ensure the enforcement of charitable trusts created in response to 25 that law; and be it further

Resolved, That the Legislature pays tribute to the 26 27 contributions, tenacity, and vision of the Issei women pioneers of the State of California; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly 30 transmit copies of this resolution to the Governor of the State of California, the State Library, the State Archives, 32 and to the author for distribution.